

# SEP IRA Application

CLEAR FORM >>

\*Required Information

### Use this SEP IRA Application to open a SEP IRA.

IMPORTANT: In compliance with the USA PATRIOT Act, Federal law requires all financial institutions (including mutual funds) to obtain, verify, and record information that identifies each person who opens an account.

WHAT THIS MEANS FOR YOU: When you open an account, we will ask for your name, Social Security Number (SSN) or Tax Identification Number (TIN), a physical address (a Post Office box is not acceptable), date of birth, and other information that will allow us to identify you. We may also ask for additional identifying documents. The information is required for all owners, co-owners, or anyone who will be signing or transacting on behalf of a legal entity that will own the account. If any of this information is missing we will not be able to process your investment request. If we are unable to verify this information, your account may be closed and you will be subject to all applicable costs. If you have any questions regarding this application or how to invest, please call Shareholder Services at 1-888-345-1898.

Please note there is a \$15.00 annual maintenance/custodian fee that is paid for by the Advisor and subject to an annual determination.

### PART I: SEP IRA OWNER INFORMATION

Owner's Name\* (First, M.I., Last) Date of Birth\* Social Security Number\* Street Address (Physical Address)\* Apt # City\* State\* Zip Code\* Mailing Address (if different than above) Apt # City State Zip Code

**Evening Phone** 

### PART II: CONTRIBUTION INFORMATION

SOURCE OF FUNDS (select one):	Amount:	Tax Year:
Direct Transfer	NOTE: Select this option only if you are transferr	ing assets directly from another SEP IRA.
Other	Explain:	

▶ IMPORTANT: Contributions made to your SEP IRA will be for the current tax year unless you specify prior year.

### PART III: INVESTMENT SELECTION

### ► The completion of this section is REQUIRED.

Next to the fund name, indicate the amount of your investment. The initial investment minimum is \$200 per each Fund. Refer to the prospectus for additional purchase requirements. Redemption proceeds of shares purchased by check are not available for 15 calendar days.

FUND CHOICE	INVESTMENT		
Commonwealth Australia/New Zealand Fund	\$ or%		
Africa Fund	\$ or%		
Commonwealth Japan Fund	\$ or%		
Commonwealth Global Fund	\$ or%		
Commonwealth Real Estate Securities Fund	\$ or%		
	TOTAL: \$0.00 or0.00 %		

### PART IV: ACCOUNT SERVICE OPTIONS FOR YOUR IRA

### ► The completion of this section is OPTIONAL.

AUTOMATIC INVESTMENT PLAN (AIP) — This option provides an automatic investment into your mutual fund(s) by transferring money
directly from your bank account via ACH (Automated Clearing House) on a scheduled basis. Automatic investment plan must be established with
a \$100 minimum. Please refer to the funds prospectus for other account restrictions. Please provide all of your bank account information or attach
a voided check or deposit slip. IMPORTANT: Contributions made to your IRA using AIP will be for the current tax year. Keep this in mind
for investments made from January 1 through April 15.

# I authorize Commonwealth International Series Trust to initiate investments into my mutual fund account according to the following frequency:

Twice Each Month Monthly		
Fund:	Amount: \$	Day of Month (1st, 15th, etc.):
Fund:	Amount: \$	Day of Month (1st, 15th, etc.):
Fund:	Amount: \$	Day of Month (1st, 15th, etc.):
Fund:	Amount: \$	Day of Month (1st, 15th, etc.):
Fund:	Amount: \$	Day of Month (1st, 15th, etc.):

### **BANK ACCOUNT INFORMATION**

Provide information about your checking or savings account to establish an Automatic Investment Plan by ACH. Please select one of the following:

Attach a voided check or deposit slip for your bank account. Please use tape; do NOT staple.

ACCOUNT TYPE:	🗌 Checking	🗌 Savings
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John and Jane Doe 123 Any Street Anytown, USA 12345	Date	1003
PAY TO THE ORDER OF	Tape your voided check or preprinted deposit slip here. Please do NOT use staples.	\$ DOLLARS
BANK NAME BANK ADDRESS MEMO		_

Provide information about your bank account below.		
ACCOUNT TYPE: Checking Savings		
Bank Name	Bank Phone Number	
Bank Address	ABA Routing Number	
City	State	Zip
Name(s) on Bank Account	Bank Account Number	

### PART V: BENEFICIARY DESIGNATION

primary l who surv indicated IRA Cha	peneficiary. Aft vive you. If no l) to the contir <b>nge of Benef</b>	ter your death, the primary beneficial ngent beneficiarie: <b>iciary Form</b> and	e SEP IRA assets will ries are living when y s who survive you. Yo providing it to the Cu	be distributed in equal rou die, the SEP IRA as ou may revoke or chan istodian.	not indicated, the individual shares (unless indicated oth sets will be distributed in eq ge the beneficiary designatio	nerwise) to the ual shares (un on at any time	e primary beneficiaries less otherwise by completing a new
TYPE:	Primary	Contingent	Share Percentage: _	%	Relationship to IRA Owner:	Spouse	Non-Spouse
Name:				Tax Payer ID Number:	:	Date of Birth:	:
Residenc	e Address:						
TYPE:	Primary	Contingent	Share Percentage: _	%	Relationship to IRA Owner:	Spouse	Non-Spouse
Name:				Tax Payer ID Number:	:	Date of Birth	
TYPE:	Primary	Contingent	Share Percentage: _	%	Relationship to IRA Owner:	Spouse	Non-Spouse
Name: _				Tax Payer ID Number:		Date of Birth:	:
Residenc	e Address:						
_			dditional beneficiarie				

To name a trust as your beneficiary, attach to this form either a copy of the trust agreement or a certification, in writing, acceptable to the IRA Custodian. If you need additional space to name beneficiaries, attach a separate sheet that includes all information requested above and indicates whether the beneficiaries are primary or secondary. Sign and date the sheet.

### PART VI: DUPLICATE ACCOUNT STATEMENT

**YES,** please send a duplicate statement to:

Name:		
Physical Address:		
City:	State:	Zip:

### PART VII: PAYMENT METHOD

You can open your account by either of these methods. Please check your choice:

- By Check Enclose a check payable to Commonwealth International Series Trust for the total amount.
- By Wire For wire instructions call Shareholder Services at 1-888-345-1898.

🔲 Other:

Third party checks, counter checks, starter checks, money orders, traveler's checks, checks drawn on non-U.S.. financial institutions, credit card checks, and cash are not acceptable. **NOTE:** Cashier's checks and bank official checks may be accepted in amounts greater than \$10,000.

### PART VIII: SPOUSAL CONSENT

Complete this section only if you, the SEP IRA Owner, have your legal residence in a community or marital property state and you wish to name a beneficiary other than or in addition to your spouse as primary beneficiary. This section may have important tax consequences to you and your spouse so please consult with a competent advisor prior to completing. If you are not currently married and you marry in the future, you must complete a new beneficiary designation that includes the spousal consent provisions.

### **CONSENT OF SPOUSE**

By signing below, I acknowledge that I am the spouse of the SEP IRA Owner and agree with and consent to my spouse's designation of a primary beneficiary other than, or in addition to, me. I have been advised to consult a competent advisor and I assume all responsibility regarding this consent. The Custodian has not provided me any legal or tax advice.

### Signature of Spouse:

X	Date:
Witness:	
X	Date:

### PART IX: ACKNOWLEDGMENT

### ▶ NOTE: This Application will NOT be processed unless signed below by the SEP IRA Owner.

By signing this SEP IRA Application, I certify that the information I have provided is true, correct, and complete, and the Custodian may rely on what I have provided. In addition, I have read and received copies of the SEP IRA Application, IRS Form 5305-A, Disclosure Statement and Financial Disclosure, including the applicable fee schedule. I agree to be bound to their terms and conditions. I understand that I am responsible for the SEP IRA transactions I conduct, and I will indemnify and hold the Custodian harmless from any consequences related to executing my directions. If I have indicated any amounts as "carryback" contributions, I understand the contributions will be credited for the prior tax year. I understand that if the deposit establishing the SEP IRA contains rollover dollars, I elect to irrevocably designate this deposit as a rollover contribution. I have been advised to seek competent legal and tax advice and have not been provided any such advice from the Custodian.

### Signature of SEP IRA Owner:

X			Date:	
PART X: FOR DEALER USE ONLY				
Financial Institution Name		Representati	ve's Full Name	
Address		Representati	presentatives' Branch Office Telephone Number	
City		State	Zip	
Dealer Number	Branch Number		Representative Number	
X Representative's Signature		pervisor's Signa	ture	
PART XI: MAILING INSTRUCTIONS				
Please send completed form to:	REGULAR MAIL DELIVERY Commonwealth International Se P.O. Box 46707 Cincinnati, OH 45246-0707	ries Trust	<b>OVERNIGHT DELIVERY</b> Commonwealth International Series Trust 225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450 Cincinnati, OH 45246	

# Commonwealth International Series Trust NOTICE OF PRIVACY POLICY & PRACTICES

Commonwealth International Series Trust (the "Trust") recognizes and respects the privacy expectations of our customers.<sup>1</sup> We provide this notice to you so that you will know what kinds of information we collect about our customers and the circumstances in which that information may be disclosed to third parties who are not affiliated with the Trust.

### **COLLECTION OF CUSTOMER INFORMATION**

We collect nonpublic personal information about our customers from the following sources:

- ACCOUNT APPLICATIONS and other forms, which may include a customer's name, address, social security number, and information about a customer's investment goals and risk tolerance;
- ACCOUNT HISTORY, including information about the transactions and balances in a customer's accounts; and
- CORRESPONDENCE, written, telephonic or electronic between a customer and the Trust or service providers to the Trust.

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### **COLLECTION OF CUSTOMER INFORMATION**

We may disclose all of the consumer information outlined above to third parties who are not affiliated with the Trust:

- as permitted by law for example with service providers who maintain or service shareholder accounts for the Trust or to a shareholder's broker or agent;
- to perform marketing services on our behalf or pursuant to a joint marketing agreement with another financial institution.

### SECURITY OF CUSTOMER INFORMATION

### We require service providers to the Trust:

- to maintain policies and procedures designed to assure only appropriate access to, and use of information about customers of the Trust; and
- to maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards that comply with federal standards to guard nonpublic personal information of customers of the Trust.

We will adhere to the policies and practices described in this notice regardless of whether you are a current or former customer of the Trust.

# Traditional IRA Individual Retirement Account

Custodial Booklet

### TRADITIONAL INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT CUSTODIAL ACCOUNT

(Under section 408(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) Form **5305-A** (Rev. April 2017) Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service The depositor and the custodian make the following agreement:

Article I. Except in the case of a rollover contribution described in section 402(c), 403(a)(4), 403(b)(8), 408(d)(3), or 457(e)(16), an employer contribution to a simplified employee pension plan as described in section 408(k), or a recharacterized contribution described in section 408(d)(6), the custodian will accept only cash contributions up to \$5,500 per year for 2013 through 2017. For individuals who have reached the age of 50 by the end of the year, the contribution limit is increased to \$6,500 per year for 2013 through 2017. For years after 2017, these limits will be increased to reflect a cost-of-living adjustment, if any. Article II. The depositor's interest in the balance in the custodial account is nonforfeitable.

### Article III.

1. No part of the custodial account funds may be invested in life insurance contracts, nor may the assets of the custodial account be commingled with other property except in a common trust fund or common investment fund (within the meaning of section 408(a)(5)).

2. No part of the custodial account funds may be invested in collectibles (within the meaning of section 408(m)) except as otherwise permitted by section 408(m)(3), which provides an exception for certain gold, silver, and platinum coins, coins issued under the laws of any state, and certain bullion.

#### Article IV.

1. Notwithstanding any provision of this agreement to the contrary, the distribution of the depositor's interest in the custodial account shall be made in accordance with the following requirements and shall otherwise comply with section 408(a)(6) and the regulations thereunder, the provisions of which are herein incorporated by reference.

2. The depositor's entire interest in the custodial account must be, or begin to be, distributed not later than the depositor's required beginning date, April 1 following the calendar year in which the depositor reaches age 70 1/2. By that date, the depositor may elect, in a manner acceptable to the custodian, to have the balance in the custodial account distributed in:

- (a) A single sum; or
- (b) Payments over a period not longer than the life of the depositor or the joint lives of the depositor and his or her designated beneficiary.

3. If the depositor dies before his or her entire interest is distributed to him or her, the remaining interest will be distributed as follows:

- (a) If the depositor dies on or after the required beginning date and:
  (i) the designated beneficiary is the depositor's surviving spouse, the remaining interest will be distributed over the surviving spouse's life expectancy as determined each year until such spouse's death, or over the period in paragraph (a)(iii) below if longer. Any interest remaining after the spouse's death will be distributed over such spouse's remaining life expectancy as determined in the year of the spouse's death and reduced by 1 for each subsequent year, or, if distributions are being made over the period in paragraph (a)(iii) below, over such period.
  - (ii) the designated beneficiary is not the depositor's surviving spouse, the remaining interest will be distributed over the beneficiary's remaining life expectancy as determined in the year following the death of the depositor and reduced by 1 for each subsequent year, or over the period in paragraph (a)(iii) below if longer.
  - (iii) there is no designated beneficiary, the remaining interest will be distributed over the remaining life expectancy of the depositor as determined in the year of the depositor's death and reduced by 1 for each subsequent year.
- (b) If the depositor dies before the required beginning date, the remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with (i) below or, if elected or there is no designated beneficiary, in accordance with (ii) below.
  - (i) The remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with paragraphs (a)(i) and (a)(ii) above (but not over the period in paragraph (a)(iii), even if longer), starting by the end of the

Do Not File with Internal Revenue Service

☐ Amendment

calendar year following the year of the depositor's death. If, however, the designated beneficiary is the depositor's surviving spouse, then this distribution is not required to begin before the end of the calendar year in which the depositor would have reached age 70 1/2. But, in such case, if the depositor's surviving spouse dies before distributions are required to begin, then the remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with (a)(ii) above (but not over the period in paragraph (a)(iii), even if longer), over such spouse's designated beneficiary's life expectancy, or in accordance with (ii) below if there is no such designated beneficiary.

(ii) The remaining interest will be distributed by the end of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the depositor's death.

**4.** If the depositor dies before his or her entire interest has been distributed and if the designated beneficiary is not the depositor's surviving spouse, no additional contributions may be accepted in the account.

**5.** The minimum amount that must be distributed each year, beginning with the year containing the depositor's required beginning date, is known as the "required minimum distribution" and is determined as follows:

- (a) The required minimum distribution under paragraph 2(b) for any year, beginning with the year the depositor reaches age 70 1/2, is the depositor's account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the distribution period in the uniform lifetime table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9. However, if the depositor's designated beneficiary is his or her surviving spouse, the required minimum distribution for a year shall not be more than the depositor's account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the number in the joint and last survivor table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9. The required minimum distribution for a year under this paragraph (a) is determined using the depositor's (or, if applicable, the depositor and spouse's) attained age (or ages) in the year.
- (b) The required minimum distribution under paragraphs 3(a) and 3(b)(i) for a year, beginning with the year following the year of the depositor's death (or the year the depositor would have reached age 70 1/2, if applicable under paragraph 3(b)(i)) is the account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the life expectancy (in the single life table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9) of the individual specified in such paragraphs 3(a) and 3(b)(i).
- (c) The required minimum distribution for the year the depositor reaches age 70 1/2 can be made as late as April 1 of the following year. The required minimum distribution for any other year must be made by the end of such year.

6. The owner of two or more traditional IRAs may satisfy the minimum distribution requirements described above by taking from one traditional IRA the amount required to satisfy the requirement for another in accordance with the regulations under section 408(a)(6). Article V.

**1.** The depositor agrees to provide the custodian with all information necessary to prepare any reports required by section 408(i) and Regulations sections 1.408-5 and 1.408-6.

2. The custodian agrees to submit to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and depositor the reports prescribed by the IRS.

**Article VI.** Notwithstanding any other articles which may be added or incorporated, the provisions of Articles I through III and this sentence will be controlling. Any additional articles inconsistent with section 408(a) and the related regulations will be invalid.

Article VII. This agreement will be amended as necessary to comply with the provisions of the Code and the related regulations. Other amendments may be made with the consent of the persons whose signatures appear on the Application that accompanies this agreement.

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### Article VIII.

- 8.01 Your IRA Documents. This Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Forms 5305 series agreement for traditional IRAs, amendments, application, beneficiary designation, disclosure statement, and other documentation, if any, set forth the terms and conditions governing your individual retirement account (IRA) and your or, after your death, your beneficiary's relationship with us. Articles I through VII of the IRS 5305 agreement have been reviewed and approved by the IRS. The disclosure statement sets forth various IRA rules in simpler language. Unless it would be inconsistent to do so, words and phrases used in this document should be construed so the singular includes the plural and the plural includes the singular.
- **8.02 Definitions.** This agreement refers to you as the depositor, and us as the custodian. References to "you," "your," and "IRA owner" will mean the depositor, and "we," "us," and "our" will mean the custodian. The terms "you" and "your" will apply to you. In the event you appoint a third party, or have a third party appointed on your behalf, to handle certain transactions affecting your IRA, such agent will be considered "you" for purposes of this agreement. Additionally, references to "IRA" will mean the custodial account.
- **8.03** Additional Provisions. Additional provisions may be attached to, and made a part of, this agreement by either party. The provisions must be in writing, agreed to by us, and in a format acceptable to us.
- **8.04** Our Fees and Expenses. We may charge reasonable fees and are entitled to reimbursement for any expenses we incur in establishing and maintaining your IRA. We may change the fees at any time by providing you with notice of such changes. We will provide you with fee disclosures and policies. We may deduct fees directly from your IRA assets or bill you separately. The payment of fees has no effect on your contributions. Additionally, we have the right to liquidate your IRA assets to pay such fees and expenses. If you do not direct us on the liquidation, we will liquidate the assets of our choice and will not be responsible for any losses or claims that may arise out of the liquidation.
- **8.05** Amendments. We may amend your IRA in any respect and at any time, including retroactively, to comply with applicable laws governing retirement plans and the corresponding regulations. Any other amendments shall require your consent, by action or no action, and will be preceded by written notice to you. Unless otherwise required, you are deemed to automatically consent to an amendment, which means that your written approval is not required for the amendment to apply to the IRA. In certain instances the governing law or our policies may require us to secure your written consent before an amendment can be applied to the IRA. If you want to withhold your consent to an amendment, you must provide us with a written objection within 30 days of the receipt date of the amendment.
- **8.06** Notice and Delivery. Any notice mailed to you will be deemed delivered and received by you, five days after the postmark date. This fifth day following the postmark is the receipt date. Notices will be mailed to the last address we have in our records. You are responsible for ensuring that we have your proper mailing address. Upon your consent, we may provide you with notice in a delivery format other than by mail. Such formats may include various electronic deliveries. Any notice, including terminations, change in personal information, or contributions mailed to us will be deemed delivered when actually received by us based on our ordinary business practices. All notices must be in writing unless our policies and procedures provide for oral notices.
- **8.07** Applicable Laws. This agreement will be construed and interpreted in accordance with the laws of, and venued in, our state of domicile.
- **8.08** Disqualifying Provisions. Any provision of this agreement that would disqualify the IRA will be disregarded to the extent necessary to maintain the account as an IRA.
- **8.09 Interpretation.** If any question arises as to the meaning of any provision of this agreement, then we shall be authorized to interpret any such provision, and our interpretation will be binding upon all parties.

**8.10 Representations and Indemnity.** You represent that any information you or your agents provide to us is accurate and complete, and that your actions comply with this agreement and applicable laws governing retirement plans. You understand that we will rely on the information provided by you, and that we have no duty to inquire about or investigate such information. We are not responsible for any losses or expenses that may result from your information, direction, or actions, including your failure to act. You agree to hold us harmless, to indemnify, and to defend us against any and all actions or claims arising from, and liabilities and losses incurred by reason of your information, direction, or actions. Additionally, you represent that it is your responsibility to seek the guidance of a tax or legal professional for your IRA issues.

We are not responsible for determining whether any contributions or distributions comply with this agreement or the federal laws governing retirement plans. We are not responsible for any taxes, judgments, penalties or expenses incurred in connection with your IRA, or any losses that are a result of events beyond our control. We have no responsibility to process transactions until after we have received appropriate direction and documentation, and we have had a reasonable opportunity to process the transactions. We are not responsible for interpreting or directing beneficiary designations or divisions, including separate accounting, court orders, penalty exception determinations, or other similar situations.

### 8.11 Investment of IRA Assets.

- (a) Deposit Investments Only. The deposit investments we offer are limited to savings, share and money market accounts, and certificates of deposit (CDs), and will earn a reasonable rate. This IRA is not, and cannot be, a self-directed IRA. It does not permit you to invest your contributions or IRA assets in nondeposit investments such as property, annuities, stocks, bonds, and government, municipal or United States Treasury securities.
- (b) Investment of Contributions. You may invest IRA contributions in any IRA deposit investments we offer. If you fail to provide us with investment direction for a contribution, we will return or hold all or part of such contribution based on our policies and procedures. We will not be responsible for any loss of IRA income associated with your failure to provide appropriate investment direction.
- (c) Directing Investments. All investment directions must be in a format or manner acceptable to us. You may invest in any IRA investments that you are qualified to purchase, and that we are authorized to offer and do offer at the time of the investment selection, and that are acceptable under the applicable laws governing retirement plans. Your IRA investments will be registered in our name for the benefit of your IRA. Specific investment information may be provided at the time of the investment.

Based on our policies, we may allow you to delegate the investment responsibility of your IRA to an agent by providing us with written notice of delegation in a format acceptable to us. We will not review or guide your agent's decisions, and you are responsible for the agent's actions or failure to act. We are not responsible for directing your investments, or providing investment advice, including guidance on the suitability or potential market value of various investments.

- (d) **Învestment Fees and Asset Liquidation.** We have the right to liquidate your IRA assets to pay fees and expenses, federal tax levies, or other assessments on your IRA. If you do not direct us on the liquidation, we will liquidate the assets of our choice and will not be responsible for any losses or claims that may arise out of the liquidation.
- **8.12 Distributions.** Withdrawal requests must be in a format acceptable to us, or on forms provided by us. We may require you, or your beneficiary after your death, to elect a distribution reason, provide documentation, and provide a proper tax identification number before we process a distribution. These withdrawals may be subject to taxes, withholding, and penalties. Distributions will generally be in cash.

Traditional IRA Booklet-Custodial © 2022 Wolters Kluwer Financial Services, Inc. All rights reserved. IRABKLTCLAZ 11/1/2022 (2211).00 Page 2 of 11 Required minimum distributions will be based on Treasury Regulations in addition to our then current policies and procedures. The required minimum distribution regulations are described within the Disclosure Statement. In the event you, or your beneficiary after your death, fail to take a required minimum distribution we may do nothing, distribute your entire IRA balance, or distribute the amount of your required minimum distribution based on our own calculation.

- **8.13 Cash Contributions.** We may accept transfers, rollovers, recharacterizations, and other similar contributions in cash from other IRAs, eligible retirement plans, and as allowed by law. Prior to completing such transactions we may require that you provide certain information in a format acceptable to us.
- **8.14 Reports and Records.** We will maintain the records necessary for IRS reporting on this IRA. Required reports will be provided to you, or your beneficiary after your death, and the IRS. If you believe that your report is inaccurate or incomplete you must notify us in writing within 30 days following the receipt date. Your investments may require additional state and federal reporting.
- **8.15 Termination.** You may terminate this agreement without our consent by providing us with a written notice of termination. A termination and the resulting distribution or transfer will be processed and completed as soon as administratively feasible following the receipt of proper notice. At the time of termination we may retain the sum necessary to cover any fees and expenses, taxes, or investment penalties.
- 8.16 Our Resignation. We can resign at any time by providing you with 30 days written notice prior to the resignation date, or within five days of our receipt of your written objection to an amendment. In the event you materially breach this agreement, we can terminate this agreement by providing you with five days prior written notice. Upon our resignation, you must appoint a qualified successor custodian or trustee. Your IRA assets will be transferred to the successor custodian or trustee once we have received appropriate direction. Transfers will be completed within a reasonable time following our resignation notice and the payment of your remaining IRA fees or expenses. At the time of resignation we may retain the sum necessary to cover any fees and expenses, taxes, or investment penalties. If you fail to provide us with acceptable transfer direction within 30 days from the date of the notice, we can transfer the assets to a successor custodian or trustee of our choice or distribute them to you in cash.
- **8.17** Successor Organization. If we merge with, purchase, or are acquired by, another organization, such organization, if qualified, may automatically become the successor custodian or trustee of your IRA.

## IRS FORM 5305-A INSTRUCTIONS (Rev. 4-2017)

### **General Instructions**

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

### **Purpose of Form**

Form 5305-A is a model custodial account agreement that meets the requirements of section 408(a). However, only Articles I through VII have been reviewed by the IRS. A traditional individual retirement account (traditional IRA) is established after the form is fully executed by both the individual (depositor) and the custodian. To make a regular contribution to a traditional IRA for a year, the IRA must be established no later than the due date of the individual's income tax return for the tax year (excluding extensions). This account must be created in the United States for the exclusive benefit of the depositor and his or her beneficiaries.

**Do not** file Form 5305-A with the IRS. Instead, keep it with your records.

For more information on IRAs, including the required disclosures the custodian must give the depositor, see **Pub. 590-A**, Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs), and **Pub. 590-B**, Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs). **Definitions** 

**Custodian.** The custodian must be a bank or savings and loan association, as defined in section 408(n), or any person who has the approval of the IRS to act as custodian. **Depositor.** The depositor is the person who establishes the custodial account.

**Traditional IRA for Nonworking Spouse** Form 5305-A may be used to establish the IRA custodial account for a nonworking spouse.

Contributions to an IRA custodial account for a nonworking spouse must be made to a separate IRA custodial account established by the nonworking spouse.

### **Specific Instructions**

Article IV. Distributions made under this article may be made in a single sum, periodic payment, or a combination of both. The distribution option should be reviewed in the year the depositor reaches age 70 1/2 to ensure that the requirements of section 408(a)(6) have been met.

Article VIII. Article VIII and any that follow it may incorporate additional provisions that are agreed to by the depositor and custodian to complete the agreement. They may include, for example, definitions, investment powers, voting rights, exculpatory provisions, amendment and termination, removal of the custodian, custodian's fees, state law requirements, beginning date of distributions, accepting only cash, treatment of excess contributions, prohibited transactions with the depositor, etc. Attach additional pages if necessary.

# TRADITIONAL IRA DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

**Right to Revoke Your IRA.** With some exceptions, you have the right to revoke this individual retirement account (IRA) within seven days of receiving this Disclosure Statement. If you revoke your IRA, we will return your entire IRA contribution without any adjustment for items such as sales commissions, administrative expenses, or fluctuation in market value. Exceptions to your right of revocation include that you may not revoke an IRA established with a recharacterized contribution, nor do you have the right to revoke upon amendment of this agreement.

You may revoke your IRA by providing us with written notice. The revocation notice may be mailed by first-class mail, or hand delivered to us. If your notice is mailed by first-class, postage pre-paid mail, the revocation will be deemed mailed on the date of the postmark.

If you have any questions or concerns regarding the revocation of your IRA, please call or write to us. Our telephone number, address, and contact name, to be used for communications, can be found on the application that accompanies this Disclosure Statement and Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Forms 5305 series agreement.

This Disclosure Statement. This Disclosure Statement provides you, and your beneficiaries after your death, with a summary of the rules and regulations governing this IRA.

**Definitions.** The IRS Forms 5305 series agreement for traditional IRAs contains a definitions section. The definitions found in such section apply to this agreement. The IRS refers to you as the depositor, and us as the custodian. References to "you," "your," and "IRA owner" will mean the depositor, and "we," "us," and "our" will mean the custodian. The terms "you" and "your" will apply to you. In the event you appoint a third party, or have a third party appointed on your behalf to handle certain transactions affecting your IRA, such third party will be considered your agent and, therefore, "you" for purposes of this agreement. Additionally, references to "IRA" will mean the custodial account.

For Additional Guidance. It is in your best interest to seek the guidance of a tax or legal professional before completing any IRA establishment documents. For more information, you can also refer to IRS Publication 590-A, *Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*, IRS Publication 590-B, *Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*, instructions to your federal income tax return, or the IRS's website at www.irs.gov.

### **IRA Restrictions and Approval.**

- 1. IRS Form 5305 or 5305-A Agreement. This Disclosure Statement and the IRS Forms 5305 series agreement, amendments, application, and additional provisions set forth the terms and conditions governing your traditional IRA. Such documents are the agreement.
- Individual/Beneficiary Benefit. This IRA must be for the exclusive benefit of you and, upon your death, your beneficiaries. The IRA must be established in your name and not in the name of your beneficiary, living trust, or another party or entity.
- 3. Beneficiary Designation. By completing the appropriate section on the corresponding IRA application you may designate any person(s) as your beneficiary to receive your IRA assets upon your death. You may also change or revoke an existing designation in such manner and in accordance with such rules as we prescribe for this purpose. If there is no beneficiary designation on file at the time of your death, or if none of the beneficiaries on file are alive at the time of your death, your IRA assets will be paid to your estate. We may rely on the latest beneficiary designation on file at the time of your death, will be fully protected in doing so, and will have no liability whatsoever to any person making a claim to the IRA assets under a subsequently filed designation or for any other reason.
- 4. Cash Contributions. Regular or annual IRA contributions must be in cash, which may include a check, money order, or wire transfer.
- 5. IRA Custodian. An IRA custodian must be a bank, federally insured credit union, savings and loan association, trust company, or other entity, which is approved by the Secretary of the Treasury to act as an IRA custodian.
- **6. Prohibition Against Life Insurance and Commingling.** None of your IRA assets may be invested in life insurance contracts, or commingled with other property, except in a common trust fund or common investment fund.

- 7. Nonforfeitability. The assets in your IRA are not forfeitable.
- 8. Collectibles. Generally, none of your IRA assets may be invested in collectibles, including any work of art, rug, or antique, metal or gem, stamp or coin, alcoholic beverage, or any other tangible personal property. If we allow, you may invest your IRA assets in the following coins and bullion: certain gold, silver, and platinum coins minted by the United States; a coin issued under the laws of any state; and any gold, silver, platinum, and palladium bullion of a certain fineness, and only if such coins and bullion are held by us. For additional guidance on collectibles, see Section 408(m) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC).
- **9.** Cash Rollovers. You may be eligible to make a rollover contribution to an IRA or certain employer-sponsored eligible retirement plans. Rollovers to and from IRAs and eligible retirement plans are described in greater detail elsewhere in this Disclosure Statement.
- **10. Required Minimum Distribution (RMD) Rules.** Your IRA is subject to the RMD rules summarized in this agreement.
- 11. No Prohibited Transactions. If your account stops being an IRA because you or your beneficiary engaged in a prohibited transaction, the account is treated as distributing all its assets to you at their fair market values on the first day of the year. If the total of those values is more than your basis in the IRA, you will have a taxable gain that is includible in your income.
- **12.** No Pledging. If you use a part of your IRA as security for a loan, that part is treated as a distribution and is included in your gross income. You may have to pay the 10% additional tax on early distributions.
- **13. IRS Approval of Form.** This agreement includes an IRS Forms 5305 series agreement. Articles I through VII of this IRS agreement have been reviewed and approved by the IRS. This approval is not a determination of its merits, and not an endorsement of the investments provided by us, or the operation of the IRA. Article VIII of this IRS agreement contains additional contract provisions that have not been reviewed or approved by the IRS.
- 14. State Laws. State laws may affect your IRA in certain situations, including deductions, beneficiary designations, agency relationships, spousal consent, unclaimed property, taxes, tax withholding, and reporting.
- IRA Eligibility and Contributions.
  - 1. Regular or Annual IRA Contribution. An annual contribution, commonly referred to as a regular contribution, is your contribution for the tax year, and is based on your and your spouse's compensation if filing jointly. Your designation of the tax year for your contribution is irrevocable. You may direct all or a portion of any tax refund directly to an IRA, up to your annual contribution limit.

If you are married and file a joint federal income tax return, you or your spouse may make a contribution on your behalf for that tax year if you or your spouse have compensation. This contribution must be made into your IRA, and it cannot exceed the contribution limits applicable to regular IRA contributions. You may make a regular IRA contribution even if you are age 70 1/2 or older during a tax year.

- 2. Compensation for Eligibility. You are eligible to contribute to your IRA if you have compensation (also referred to as earned income). Common examples of compensation include wages, salary, tips, bonuses, and other amounts received for providing personal services, and earned income from self-employment. Compensation does not include earnings and profits from property such as dividends, interest, or capital gains, or pension, annuity, or deferred compensation plan amounts.
- **3.** Catch-Up Contributions. Catch-up contributions are regular IRA contributions made in addition to any other regular IRA contributions. You are eligible to make catch-up contributions if you meet the eligibility requirements for regular contributions and you attain age 50 by the end of the taxable year for which a catch-up contribution is being made.

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- 4. SEP and SIMPLE IRA Contributions. Your employer may make simplified employee pension (SEP) plan contributions to this IRA in addition to your own regular IRA contributions. Your employer is responsible for verifying the SEP eligibility requirements and determining the SEP contribution amount. This IRA cannot accept Savings Incentive Match Plan for Employees of Small Employers (SIMPLE) IRA contributions from your employer.
- 5. Maximum Contribution Limits. Your regular (including catch-up) IRA contributions are limited to the lesser of 100 percent of your and your spouse's compensation if filing jointly or the dollar amounts set forth on the following chart:

Contribution Tax Year	Regular Contribution Limit	Catch-Up Contribution Limit	Total Contribution Limit
2022	\$6,000	\$1,000	\$7,000
2023	\$6,500	\$1,000	\$7,500
2024 and later years	\$6,500*	\$1,000	\$7,500*

\* The regular IRA contribution limits are subject to annual cost-ofliving adjustments, if any.

- 6. Contribution Deadline. You may make regular (including catch-up) IRA contributions any time for a taxable year up to and including your federal income tax return due date, excluding extensions, for that taxable year. The due date for most taxpayers is April 15. The deadline may be extended or postponed in some situations. Examples of postponed contributions include a federally declared disaster, a terroristic or military action, or service in a hazardous duty area or combat zone.
- Roth IRA and Traditional IRA Contribution Limit. Your combined regular (including catch-up) traditional IRA and Roth IRA contributions may not exceed the maximum contribution limit set forth in the previous chart.

**Tax Deductions.** Tax deductions apply only to your regular (including catch-up) IRA contribution amount, and the deduction may never exceed your maximum regular (including catch-up) contribution amount for the contribution year. Your deduction depends on whether you and your spouse (if applicable) are active participants, and your modified adjusted gross income (MAGI). Your MAGI is your adjusted gross income from your federal income tax return for the contribution year with certain subtractions and additions. For more information on MAGI, see the instructions to your federal income tax return or IRS Publication 590-A, *Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*.

- 1. Active Participant. You could be an active participant in one of the following employer-sponsored retirement plans:
  - a. a qualified pension, profit sharing, 401(k), money purchase pension, employee stock ownership plan, or stock bonus plan;
     b. a SED plan;
  - **b.** a SEP plan;
  - **c.** a SIMPLE IRA or SIMPLE 401(k) plan;
  - d. a qualified annuity plan of an employer;
  - e. a tax-sheltered annuity plan for employees of certain tax-exempt organizations or public schools;
  - **f.** a Section 501(c)(18) trust;
  - g. an H.R. 10 or Keogh plan (for self-employed individuals); or
  - **h.** a plan for federal, state, or local government employees or by an agency or instrumentality thereof (other than a section 457(b) plan).

For assistance in determining whether you (or your spouse) are an active participant, see your employer or a tax or legal professional. IRS Form W-2, *Wage and Tax Statement*, as provided by your employer, should indicate whether you are an active participant.

2. Deduction Limits. If you are not an active participant, your entire regular contribution to your IRA is generally deductible. Your marital status may affect your deduction amount. If you are an active participant, the amount you can deduct depends on your MAGI for the tax year for which the contribution applies. The following chart shows how your active participant status and tax-filing status and MAGI affect your deduction. If you are an active participant, the greater your MAGI, the lesser the amount you may deduct.

			MAGI	THRES	HOLD	S									
		Filing Status													
Tax Year	Single, Active Participant		Filing	ried, Jointly, articipant	Separ	l, Filing rately, articipant	Married, Filing Jointly, Not an Active Participant, but Spouse is								
	Low End	High End	Low End	High End	Low End	l High End	Low End	High End							
2022	\$68,000	\$78,000	\$109,000	\$129,000	\$0	\$10,000	\$204,000	\$214,000							
2023	\$73,000	\$83,000	\$116,000	\$136,000	\$0	\$10,000	\$218,000	\$228,000							
2024 and later years	\$73,000*	\$83,000*	\$116,000*	\$136,000*	\$0	\$10,000	\$218,000*	\$228,000*							

\* The MAGI thresholds are subject to annual cost-of-living adjustments, if any.

- **3.** Deduction Calculation. If your MAGI is equal to or is less than the applicable Low End number in the chart based on your tax-filing status, then you may deduct your entire regular (including catch-up) IRA contribution. If your MAGI meets or exceeds the High End number, you may not deduct any portion of your contribution. If your MAGI is between the Low End and High End numbers, which is the phaseout range, see your tax or legal professional for assistance in determining your deduction amount. IRS Publication 590-A, *Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*, and the instructions to your federal income tax return also contain helpful calculation information.
- 4. Nondeductible Contributions. You may make nondeductible contributions to your IRA if you are not able to, or choose not to, deduct your contributions. You report nondeductible contributions to the IRS on IRS Form 8606, *Nondeductible IRAs*, which is attached to your federal income tax return for the year of the contribution. Failure to report nondeductible contributions, or the overstatement of nondeductible contributions, may result in IRS penalties.

Nonrefundable Tax Credit. You may be eligible to take a tax credit for your regular IRA contributions. The credit is equal to a percentage of your qualified contributions. The credit is equal to a percentage of \$1,000 for any tax year, and is in addition to any deduction that may apply. To be eligible for the tax credit, you must be age 18 or older by the end of the applicable tax year, not a dependent of another taxpayer, not a full-time student, and satisfy certain restrictions on distributions. Moving Assets To and From IRAs. There are a variety of transactions that allow you to move your retirement assets to and from your IRAs and certain other eligible retirement plans. We have sole discretion on whether we will accept, and how we will process, movements of assets to and from IRAs. We or any other financial organizations involved in the transaction may require documentation for such activities.

- 1. IRA-to-IRA Transfers. You may transfer all or a portion of your traditional IRA assets from one traditional IRA to another traditional IRA. An IRA transfer means that the IRA assets move from one IRA to another IRA in a manner that prevents you from cashing the IRA assets, or even depositing the assets anywhere except in the receiving IRA. Transfers are not taxable or reportable, and the IRS does not impose timing or frequency restrictions on transfers. You may be required to complete a transfer authorization form prior to transferring your IRA assets.
- 2. IRA-to-IRA Rollovers. An IRA rollover is another way to move assets tax-free between IRAs. You may roll over all or a portion of your IRA assets by taking a distribution from an IRA and recontributing it as a rollover contribution into the same or another IRA. A rollover contribution is irrevocable. You must report your IRA rollover to the IRS on your federal income tax return. Your contribution is deposited within 60 calendar days following the date you receive the distributed assets. The 60-day period may be extended to 120 days for a first-time homebuyer distribution where there is a delay or cancellation in the purchase or construction of the home. You are limited to one rollover per 1-year (12-month) period. You may only roll over one IRA distribution per 1-year period aggregated between all of your IRAs. For this purpose IRA includes

rollovers among traditional (including SEP), SIMPLE, and Roth IRAs. For example, if you have IRA 1, IRA 2, and IRA 3, and take a distribution from IRA 1 and roll it over into a new IRA 4, you will have to wait 1 year from the date of that distribution to take another distribution from any of your IRAs and subsequently roll it over into an IRA. The 1-year limitation does not apply to rollovers related to first-time homebuyer distributions, distributions converted to a Roth IRA, and rollovers to or from an employer-sponsored eligible retirement plan.

- **3.** Rollovers and Transfers from SIMPLE IRAs. You may not roll over or transfer assets from a SIMPLE IRA to a traditional IRA or other eligible retirement plan until two years have passed since the date on which you first participated in an employer's SIMPLE, which is the initial contribution date. If you participated in SIMPLEs of different employers, the initial contribution date and two-year period are determined separately for SIMPLE IRA assets from each employer.
- 4. Rolovers to SIMPLE IRAS. You may not roll over assets to a SIMPLE IRA from a traditional IRA or other eligible retirement plan until two years have passed since you first participated in an employer's SIMPLE, which is the initial contribution date. If you participated in SIMPLEs of different employers, the initial contribution date and two-year period are determined separately for SIMPLE IRA assets from each employer.
- 5. Rollovers from Employer-Sponsored Eligible Retirement Plans. You may directly or indirectly roll over assets from an eligible retirement plan, sponsored by your employer, into your IRA. Your plan administrator or employer is responsible for determining the amount of your assets in its eligible retirement plan that are eligible for rollover to an IRA or other eligible retirement plan.
  - **a. Eligible Retirement Plan.** Eligible retirement plans include qualified trusts under IRC Section 401(a), annuity plans under IRC Section 403(a), annuity contracts under IRC Section 403(b), and certain governmental IRC Section 457(b) plans. Common names for these plans include 401(k), profit sharing, pension, money purchase, federal thrift savings, and tax-sheltered annuity plans.
  - b. Éligible Distribution. Not all distributions from an employer-sponsored eligible retirement plan are eligible for rollover to an IRA. The most common distributions, which are not eligible for rollover, include RMDs, defaulted loans, substantially equal periodic payments as defined in IRC Section 402(c)(4)(A), distributions paid to nonspouse beneficiaries, and hardship distributions. Your employer determines which assets may not be rolled over, and must provide you with an IRC Section 402(f) notice of taxation, which explains the tax issues concerning distributions.
  - **c. Direct Rollover.** A direct rollover moves eligible retirement plan assets from your employer-sponsored eligible retirement plan to your IRA in a manner that prevents you from cashing the plan assets, or even depositing the assets anywhere except in the receiving IRA. A direct rollover is reported to the IRS but, if properly completed, the transaction is not subject to tax or penalty. There are no IRS limitations, such as the 60-day period or one per 1-year limitation, on direct rollovers. This agreement should not be used for a direct rollover from an eligible retirement plan to an inherited traditional IRA.
  - d. Indirect Rollover and Withholding. An indirect rollover begins with a plan distribution made payable to you. If you receive distributions during the tax year totaling more than \$200, your employer is required to withhold 20 percent on the taxable portion of your eligible rollover distribution as a prepayment of federal income taxes on distributions. You may make up the 20 percent withholding from your own funds at the time you deposit the distribution into an IRA. If the 20 percent is not made up at the time you deposit your distribution into an IRA, that portion is generally treated as taxable income. If you are younger than age 59 1/2, you are subject to a 10 percent early-distribution penalty

tax on the taxable amount of the distribution that is not rolled over, unless a penalty tax exception applies. Your distribution is only eligible to be contributed to an IRA during the 60 days following your receipt of a plan distribution. There may be exceptions to completing the rollover within 60 days. For example, exceptions for making a late rollover are available for rolling over the return of an improper tax levy as well as for rolling over qualified plan loan offset amounts. Generally, these exceptions permit amounts to be rolled over until the tax-filing due date of the year in which such amounts are, for example, returned or treated as distributed. Your decision to contribute the assets to the IRA as a rollover contribution is irrevocable. The one per 1-year limitation does not apply to rollovers from employer-sponsored eligible retirement plans. State withholding may apply to eligible rollover distributions.

- e. Separate or Conduit IRA. In certain cases, it may be to your benefit to make the rollover contribution into a separate or conduit IRA. Conduit IRAs can provide individuals with a means of tracking IRA assets from different sources, which may be subject to certain restrictions or favorable tax treatment.
- 6. Extension of the 60-Day Period. The Secretary of the Treasury may extend the 60-day period for completing rollovers in certain situations such as casualty, disaster, or other events beyond the reasonable control of the individual who is subject to the 60-day period. The IRS also provides for a self-certification procedure for making a late rollover (subject to verification by the IRS) that you may use to claim eligibility for an extension with respect to a rollover into an IRA. It provides that we may rely on the certification provided by you in accepting and reporting receipt of a rollover contribution after the 60-day period (i.e., a late rollover) if we don't have actual knowledge that is contrary to the self-certification.
- 7. Traditional IRA to Employer-Sponsored Eligible Retirement Plans. You may directly or indirectly roll over a taxable distribution from your IRA to an employer-sponsored eligible retirement plan which accepts rollover contributions. Nontaxable or nondeductible IRA assets may not be rolled over into employer-sponsored eligible retirement plans. You can generally roll over, to employersponsored eligible retirement plans, only the aggregate taxable balance in all of your traditional IRAs and SIMPLE IRAs. The one per 1-year limitation does not apply to these rollovers.
- 8. Transfers Due to Divorce. Your former spouse, pursuant to a divorce decree or legal separation order, may transfer assets from your traditional IRA to his/her traditional IRA.
- **9.** Repayment of a Qualified Reservist Distribution. If you are a qualified reservist ordered or called to active duty after September 11, 2001 for more than 179 days (or for an indefinite period), and take an IRA distribution or take certain elective deferrals from an eligible retirement plan after September 11, 2001, and before the end of your active duty, you may make one or more contributions of these assets to your IRA within two years of the end of your active duty.
- Repayment of a Qualified Birth or Adoption Distribution. You may take a distribution of up to \$5,000 for a qualified birth or adoption within one year of the birth or from when the adoption is finalized. Such a distribution may be repaid to the IRA.
   Movement of Assets Between Traditional and Roth IRAs.
- Traditional IRA to Roth IRA Conversions. You may convert all or a portion of your traditional IRA assets to a Roth IRA. Your conversion assets (excluding prorated nondeductible contributions) are subject to federal income tax. Your conversion must be reported to the IRS. The 10 percent early-distribution penalty tax does not apply to conversions. If you elect to convert your assets using a rollover transaction, the 60-day rule applies. The one per 1-year limitation does not apply to conversions.
- 2. Traditional IRA and Roth IRA Recharacterizations. You may recharacterize, or choose to treat all or a portion of your regular (including catch-up) traditional IRA contribution as a regular Roth

IRA contribution. Similarly, you may recharacterize your regular (including catch-up) Roth IRA contribution as a regular traditional IRA contribution. A recharacterization election is irrevocable. You must complete a recharacterization no later than your federal income tax-filing due date, including extensions, for the year you make the initial contribution. If you timely file your federal income tax return, you may still recharacterize as late as October 15 for calendar year filers. Recharacterizations must occur by transfer, which means that the assets, adjusted for gains and losses on the recharacterized amount, must be transferred into another IRA. The recharacterized contribution is treated as though you deposited it into the second IRA on the same day you actually deposited it in the first IRA. Recharacterization transactions are reported to the IRS. The election to recharacterize may be completed on your behalf after your death. A written notice of recharacterization is required for recharacterization transactions.

**IRA Distributions.** You or, after your death, your beneficiary may take an IRA distribution at any time. However, depending on the timing and amount of your distribution you may be subject to income taxes or penalty taxes.

- 1. Removal of Excess Contributions. You may withdraw all or a portion of your excess contribution and attributable earnings by your federal income tax return due date, including extensions, for the taxable year for which you made the contribution. The excess contribution amount distributed will not be taxable, but the attributable earnings on the contribution will be taxable in the year in which you made the contribution and may be subject to the 10 percent early-distribution penalty tax. In certain situations, you may treat your excess as a regular (including catch-up) IRA contribution for the next year. If you timely file your federal income tax return, you may still remove your excess contribution, plus attributable earnings, as late as October 15 for calendar year filers.
- 2. Distributions of Unwanted IRA Contributions by Tax-Filing Date. You may withdraw all or a portion of your regular (including catch-up) IRA contribution and attributable earnings in the same manner as an excess contribution. However, you cannot apply your unwanted contribution as a regular IRA contribution for a future year. The unwanted contribution amount distributed will not be taxable, but the attributable earnings on the contribution will be taxable in the year in which you made the contribution, and may be subject to the 10 percent early-distribution penalty tax. If you timely file your federal income tax return, you may still remove your unwanted contribution, plus attributable earnings, as late as October 15 for calendar year filers.
- 3. Distribution of Nondeductible and Nontaxable Contributions. If any of your traditional IRAs or SIMPLE IRAs contain nondeductible contributions or rollovers of nontaxable distributions from employer-sponsored eligible retirement plans, any distributions you take from any of your traditional IRAs or SIMPLE IRAs, that are not rolled over, will return to you a proportionate share of the taxable and nontaxable balances in all of your traditional IRAs and SIMPLE IRAs at the end of the tax year of your distributions. IRS Form 8606, *Nondeductible IRAs*, has been specifically designed to calculate this proportionate return. You must complete IRS Form 8606 each year you take distributions under these circumstances, and attach it to your tax return for that year to validate the nontaxable portion of your IRA distributions reported for that year.
- 4. Qualified Health Savings Account (HSA) Funding Distribution. If you are an HSA eligible individual, you may elect to take a qualified HSA funding distribution from your IRA (not including ongoing SEP and SIMPLE IRAs) to the extent such distribution is contributed to your HSA in a trustee-to-trustee transfer. This amount is aggregated with all other annual HSA contributions and is subject to your annual HSA contribution limit. A qualified HSA funding distribution election is irrevocable and is generally available once in your lifetime. A testing period applies. The testing period for this provision begins with the month of the contributions to your HSA and ends on the last day of the 12th month following such month. If

you are not an eligible individual for the entire testing period, unless you die or become disabled, the amount of the distribution made under this provision will be includable in gross income for the tax year of the month you are not an eligible individual, and is subject to a 10 percent penalty tax.

**5.** Qualified Charitable Distributions (QCD). If you have attained age 70 1/2, you may be able to make tax-free distributions directly from your IRA to a qualified charitable organization. However, you must track the amount of all deductible contributions made for tax years while age 70 1/2 or older and then reduce the QCD claimed by those prior deductible contributions. Tax-free distributions are limited to \$100,000 annually. Qualified charitable distributions are not permitted from an on-going SEP or SIMPLE IRA. Consult with your tax or legal professional regarding tax-free charitable distributions.

### **RMDs For You.**

- 1. After Age 72. Your first RMD must be taken by April 1 following the year you attain age 72, which is your required beginning date (RBD). Second year and subsequent distributions must be taken by December 31 of each such year. An RMD is taxable in the calendar year you receive it.
- 2. Distribution Calculations. Your RMD will generally be calculated by dividing your previous year-end adjusted balance in your IRA by a divisor from the uniform lifetime table provided by the IRS. This table is indexed to your age attained during a distribution year. This table is used whether you have named a beneficiary and regardless of the age or type of beneficiary you may have named. However, if for any distribution year, you have as your only named beneficiary for the entire year, your spouse, who is more than ten years younger than you, the uniform lifetime table will not be used. To calculate your RMD for that year, you will use the ages of you and your spouse at the end of that year to determine a joint life expectancy divisor from the IRS's joint and last survivor table. This will be the case even if your spouse dies, or you become divorced and do not change your beneficiary, during that year.
- 3. Failure to Withdraw an RMD. If you do not withdraw your RMD by its required distribution date, you are subject to a 50 percent excess accumulation penalty tax on the amount not withdrawn. You can always take more than your RMD in any year but no additional amounts taken can be credited to a subsequent year's RMD.
- 4. Multiple IRAs. If you have more than one traditional IRA or SIMPLE IRA you must calculate a separate RMD for each one. You may, however, take the aggregate total of your RMDs from any one or more of your personal traditional IRAs (including SEP IRAs) or SIMPLE IRAs.
- 5. No Rollovers of RMDs. An RMD must be satisfied before you can roll over any portion of your IRA account balance. The first distributions made during a year will be considered RMDs and can be satisfied by earlier distributions from your other traditional IRAs (including SEP IRAs) or SIMPLE IRAs that are aggregated. Any RMD that is rolled over will be fully taxable and considered an excess contribution until corrected.
- 6. Transfers of RMDs. Transfers are not considered distributions. You can transfer any portion of your traditional IRA or SIMPLE IRA at any time during the year provided you satisfy your aggregate RMDs before the end of the distribution year.

**RMDs For Your Beneficiaries.** In February 2022, the IRS issued proposed rules and the pending final rules may change some of the following provisions. In addition, for certain beneficiaries subject to the ten-year rule described below, the 2022 proposed rules may also require annual distributions. Your beneficiary should consult his or her tax or legal professional regarding the most current beneficiary RMD regulations.

You can designate specific individuals or other entities—including, but not limited to, an estate, a trust, or a charitable organization—as your IRA death beneficiaries. The named beneficiaries that survive inherit any assets remaining in the IRA after your death. Different types of beneficiaries may have different options available.

- 1. Types of Beneficiaries. The different types of beneficiaries are designated beneficiaries, eligible designated beneficiaries and those that are not designated beneficiaries. Different types of beneficiaries will have different rules-and in some cases options or elections-and distribution periods available.
- 2. Designated Beneficiary. A designated beneficiary is any individual you name as a beneficiary who has an interest in your IRA on the determination date, which is September 30 of the year following the year of your death. Certain qualifying trusts can also be a designated beneficiary. For a qualifying trust to be a designated beneficiary, the qualifying trust beneficiaries must be designated beneficiaries.

If your beneficiary is a designated beneficiary who is not an eligible designated beneficiary, such beneficiary will have to follow the ten-year rule and is required to remove all assets from the IRA by December 31 of the tenth year following the year of your death.

- **3.** Eligible Designated Beneficiary. An eligible designated beneficiary is a designated beneficiary who is: 1) the IRA owner's surviving spouse; 2) an IRA owner's minor child (through the age of majority); 3) disabled (as defined by law); 4) a chronically ill individual (as defined by law); or 5) an individual who is not more than 10 years younger than the IRA owner. Certain qualifying trusts can also be an eligible designated beneficiary. For a qualifying trust to be an eligible designated beneficiary, generally the qualifying trust beneficiaries must be eligible designated beneficiaries.
  - a. Spouse Beneficiary. Your spouse beneficiary may have the option of distributing the IRA assets over a single life expectancy period or within ten years (the ten-year rule). The option to elect the ten-year rule is only available to your spouse if your death occurs before your RBD. Your spouse may alternatively choose to treat the entire interest (all of the account) of the IRA as his/her own IRA.

If your spouse beneficiary elects or otherwise has to take the single life expectancy option, he/she will use a life expectancy divisor for calculating that year's RMD. If you die before your RBD, your surviving spouse can postpone commencement of his/her RMDs until the end of the year in which you would have attained age 72. If you die on or after your RBD, your surviving spouse will use the longer of his/her single life expectancy, determined each year after the year of death using his/her attained age, or your remaining single life expectancy determined in your year of death and reduced by one each subsequent year.

If your spouse beneficiary chooses the ten-year rule, he/she is required to remove all assets from the IRA by December 31 of the tenth year following the year of your death.

Your spouse beneficiary can treat your IRA as his/her own IRA if your spouse is the only designated beneficiary, or if there are multiple designated beneficiaries and separate accounting applies. He/she has this option even if he/she had chosen one of the other options above. This generally happens after any of your remaining RMD amount for the year of your death has been distributed.

Your spouse beneficiary can take a distribution of part or all of his/her share of your IRA and roll it over to an IRA of his/her own, less any RMD.

- **b.** Eligible Designated Beneficiary Who is Your Minor Child. If your beneficiary is an eligible designated beneficiary who is your minor child, he/she must remove all assets from the IRA by the tenth anniversary of the date the minor attains the age of majority, even if such minor child initially chose to receive life expectancy payments.
- c. Eligible Designated Beneficiary (Other than a Surviving Spouse or Minor Child). If your beneficiary is an eligible designated beneficiary who is someone other than your surviving spouse or your minor child, such beneficiary may have the option of distributing the IRA assets over a single life expectancy period or within ten years. The option to elect the ten-year rule is only available to such beneficiary if your death occurs before your RBD.

If such a beneficiary chooses the single life expectancy option to calculate the RMD, the life expectancy divisor used may depend on whether your death occurs before or on or after your RBD. If your death occurred before your RBD, the beneficiary uses his/her age at the end of the year following the year of death to determine the initial single life expectancy divisor and reduces this number by one for each following year's RMD calculation. However, if you die on or after your RBD, your beneficiary uses the longer of your remaining life expectancy, determined in your year of death and reduced by one in each subsequent year, or your beneficiary uses his/her life expectancy in the year following the year of your death, reduced by one for each subsequent year. For a qualifying trust, use the age of the oldest trust beneficiary.

If such a beneficiary chooses the ten-year rule, he/she is required to remove all assets from the IRA by December 31 of the tenth year following the year of your death.

- 4. Not a Designated Beneficiary. A beneficiary that is not a designated beneficiary includes a nonindividual that is an estate, charitable organization, or nonqualified trust. If your beneficiary is not a designated beneficiary and you die before your RBD, such a beneficiary is required to remove all assets from the IRA by December 31 of the fifth year following the year of your death (the five-year rule). If you die on or after your RBD, such a beneficiary must use your remaining single life expectancy to calculate the RMD. Your remaining single life expectancy divisor is determined in the year of your death using your age at the end of that year and then reducing the divisor by one for each subsequent year's calculation.
- 5. Beneficiary Determination. Named beneficiaries who completely distribute their interests in your IRA, or completely disclaim their interests in your IRA under IRC Section 2518, will not be considered when designated beneficiaries are determined. Named beneficiaries who die after your death but before the determination date (September 30 of the year following the year of your death) will still be considered for the sake of determining the distribution period. If any named beneficiary that is not an individual, such as an estate or charity, has an interest in your IRA on the determination date, and separate accounting does not apply, your IRA will be treated as having no designated beneficiary (i.e., not a designated beneficiary).
- 6. Qualifying Trusts. If you name a qualifying trust, which is defined in Treasury Regulations, as your IRA beneficiary, the beneficiaries of the qualifying trust are treated as the beneficiaries of your IRA for purposes of determining the appropriate distribution period. A qualifying trust provides documentation of its beneficiaries to the trustee.
- 7. Successor Beneficiaries. Our policy may allow your beneficiaries to name their own successor beneficiaries to your IRA. A successor beneficiary would receive any of your IRA assets that remain after your death and the subsequent death of your beneficiaries. Generally, the beneficiary will have to distribute all the remaining IRA assets within a ten-year period or the remainder of the original beneficiary's ten-year period.
- 8. Separate Accounting (Multiple Beneficiaries). Our policies may permit separate accounting to be applied to your IRA for the benefit of your beneficiaries. If permitted, separate accounting must be applied in accordance with Treasury Regulations. If there are multiple beneficiaries, a beneficiary is considered the only beneficiary of their share of the IRA assets if separate accounting applies. If separate accounting applies, the rules above apply based on the type of beneficiary (i.e., designated beneficiary).
- **9.** Qualifying Longevity Annuity Contract (QLAC). The terms of a QLAC you hold in this IRA may or may not provide a death benefit. The QLAC may permit death benefits in the form of a life annuity or a return of premiums. If your QLAC has a return of premium feature as a death benefit, the premium returned to your beneficiary

is the RMD amount if your death occurs after the RBD. The return of premium amount is the difference between the premiums paid for the QLAC and the amounts paid to you. The return of premium amount must be distributed to the beneficiary by the end of the calendar year following the year of death. If your death occurs before the RBD, a return of premium death benefit will be added to your IRA and must be taken in accordance with the beneficiary rules described earlier. If the death benefit under the terms of the QLAC is a life annuity, your beneficiary will receive annuity payments for life.

### Federal Income Tax Status of Distributions.

- 1. Taxation. IRA distributions which are not rolled over will be taxed as income in the year distributed except for the portion of your aggregate SIMPLE IRA and traditional IRA distributions that represents your nondeductible contributions or nontaxable rollover amounts. You may also be subject to state or local taxes and withholding on your IRA distributions.
- 2. Earnings. Earnings, including gains and losses, on your IRA will not be subject to federal income taxes until they are considered distributed.
- **3.** Ordinary Income Taxation. Your taxable IRA distribution is usually included in gross income in the distribution year. IRA distributions are not eligible for special tax treatments, such as ten year averaging, that may apply to other employer-sponsored retirement plan distributions.

Estate and Gift Tax. The designation of a beneficiary to receive IRA distributions upon your death will not be considered a transfer of property for federal gift tax purposes. Upon your death, the value of all assets remaining in your IRA will usually be included in your gross estate for estate tax purposes, regardless of the named beneficiary or manner of distribution. There is no specific estate tax exclusion for assets held within an IRA. After your death, beneficiaries should pay careful attention to the rules for the disclaiming any portion of your IRA under IRC Section 2518.

**Federal Income Tax Withholding.** IRA distributions are subject to federal income tax withholding unless you or, upon your death, your beneficiary affirmatively elect not to have withholding apply. The required federal income tax withholding rate is 10 percent of the distribution. Upon your request for a distribution, by providing IRS Form W-4R, we will notify you of your right to waive withholding or elect to have greater than 10 percent withheld.

Annual Statements. Each year we will furnish you and the IRS with statements reflecting the activity in your IRA. You and the IRS will receive IRS Forms 5498, *IRA Contribution Information*, and 1099-R, *Distributions From Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc.* IRS Form 5498 or an appropriate substitute indicates the fair market value of the account, including IRA contributions, for the year. IRS Form 1099-R reflects your IRA distributions for the year.

By January 31 of each year, you will receive a report of your fair market value as of the previous calendar year end. If applicable, you will also receive a report concerning your annual RMD.

**Federal Tax Penalties and IRS Form 5329.** Several tax penalties may apply to your various IRA transactions, and are in addition to any federal, state, or local taxes. Federal penalties and excise taxes are generally reported and remitted to the IRS by completing IRS Form 5329, *Additional Taxes on Qualified Plans (Including IRAs) and Other Tax-Favored Accounts*, and attaching the form to your federal income tax return. The penalties may include any of the following taxes:

- Early-Distribution Penalty Tax. If you take a distribution from your IRA before reaching age 59 1/2, you are subject to a 10 percent early-distribution penalty tax on the taxable portion of the distribution. However, certain exceptions apply. Exceptions to the 10 percent penalty tax are distributions due to death, disability, first-time home purchase, eligible higher education expenses, medical expenses exceeding a certain percentage of adjusted gross income, health insurance premiums due to your extended unemployment, a series of substantially equal periodic payments, IRS levy, traditional IRA conversions, qualified reservist distributions, qualified birth or adoption distributions, and qualified HSA funding distributions. Properly completed rollovers, transfers, recharacterizations, and conversions are not subject to the 10 percent penalty tax.
- 2. Excess Contribution Penalty Tax. If you contribute more to your IRA than you are eligible to contribute, you have created an excess contribution, which is subject to a 6 percent excise tax. The excise tax applies each year that the excess contribution remains in your IRA. If you timely file your federal income tax return, you may still remove your excess contribution, plus attributable earnings, as late as October 15 for calendar year filers.
- **3.** Excess Accumulation Penalty Tax. Any portion of a RMD that is not distributed by its deadline is subject to a 50 percent excess accumulation penalty tax. The IRS may waive this penalty upon your proof of reasonable error and that reasonable steps were taken to correct the error, including remedying the shortfall. See IRS Form 5329 instructions when requesting a waiver.

Disaster Tax Relief and Repayment of a Qualified Disaster **Distribution.** Subject to applicable law, individuals in certain federally declared disaster areas may be given the opportunity to take qualified disaster distributions without an early distribution penalty (e.g., for a qualified hurricane distribution). When these qualified disaster distributions are allowed, they are subject to any time periods as defined by law and, if multiple distributions are made for the same event, are aggregated with distributions from other IRAs and eligible retirement plans up to prescribed limits (e.g., \$100,000). Typically, the qualified disaster distributions are included in gross income over a three tax year period or all in the year of distribution. In addition, an individual may be allowed three years after the date of receipt to repay all or part of the qualified disaster distribution without being subject to the one rollover per 1-year limitation or the 60-day requirement. Certain first-time homebuyer or hardship distributions may be eligible for repayment within a prescribed time period. For additional disaster area information and IRS guidance on associated tax relief, refer to IRS forms, notices and publications, or visit the IRS's website at www.irs.gov/DisasterTaxRelief.

## FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

The purpose of this Financial Disclosure is to provide you with an IRS required growth projection of the value of your IRA available for withdrawal at the end of each of the first five years of its existence and at the end of the years in which you attain the ages of 60, 65, and 70. Certain assumptions are applied that may vary from your actual investment provisions.

Three projection methods are provided for the situations where the nature of your initial investment allows for a reasonable projection.

The growth projection must be made assuming either a \$1,000 contribution made on January 1 of each year or a \$1,000 one-time contribution made on January 1 of the first year. The annual contribution represents an initial contribution that is a regular, SEP, or recharacterized regular Roth IRA contribution. One-time contributions include a rollover or a transfer. These projected amounts are not guaranteed.

### **IRA FEES AND EARLY WITHDRAWAL PENALTIES**

### This Section Applies To The Projection Method Selected.

The fees and penalties listed below may affect the projected value of your IRA. The disclosed fees and penalties will be included in that projection method applicable to your Financial Disclosure. With the exception of distribution transaction or termination fees, Projection Method One cannot be used if any other IRA Fee or certain Other boxes are checked below, including the Other box under Early Withdrawal Penalty.

Fees:		
□ None		
$\Box$ IRA Establishment Fee \$		
X Annual Service/Administrat	ion Fee* of $\frac{15}{15}$ .	00
or % of assets w	vill be charged a	t $\underline{X}$ end $\Box$ beginning
of each year for purposes of	this projection.	
	\$	
	\$	_
	\$	or% of Assets
	\$	or% of Assets
*The fee will be borne by your In	vestment Adviso	r.
Farly Withdrawal Donalty (C)	hack one).	

Early withd	rawal Penalty (C	песк опе):	
□ None	□ 3-Month	□ 6-Month	□ 12-Month
□ Other:			

### **PROJECTION METHODS** (Check one):

### □ Projection Method One—Use Preprinted Tables.

At the end of this IRA agreement, preprinted financial disclosure tables provide you with the IRA's projected values. The assumptions used to calculate each table's projected IRA values are:

- Earnings rate One-tenth (.1) percent compounded annually on a 365-day year.
- Projected values Calculated using numbers rounded down to the nearest whole dollar (\$1.00).
- Early withdrawal penalties The 3-, 6-, and 12-month penalties are calculated on a 30-day month and a 360-day year.
- Calculated early withdrawal penalty The 3-, 6-, and 12-month penalties are not rounded prior to subtraction from the No Penalty column's projected value.

If a fee is disclosed for a distribution (e.g., transfer or direct rollover) transaction or an IRA termination, we will complete the *After Fees Values* section below the tables taking the fee(s) into account for each applicable projected value.

How to use the tables. These financial disclosure tables do not accommodate certain fees that may be charged to this IRA such as annual administration or establishment fees. Your projection will come from the *Annual Contributions Table* if your initial IRA contribution is a regular, SEP, or recharacterized regular Roth IRA contribution. The *Other Contributions Table* will be used if your initial contribution is a rollover or a transfer. The top section of each table provides the projected values at the end of the first five years of the IRA. Find your age as of January 1 of this year of establishment on the appropriate table. If your birthday is January 1 of this year, find your age as of December 31 of the previous year. The amounts to the right of your age are the projected values of your IRA at the end of the year you attain age 60, 65, and 70. See IRA FEES AND EARLY WITHDRAWAL PENALTIES to determine the applicable early withdrawal penalty column to use for your projection.

### □ Projection Method Two-Custom Projection.

Your IRA's values projected below are based on the following assumptions (*Check one*):

□ Annual Contributions.

□ Rollover/Transfer (one-time) Contribution.

Your age on January 1 of this initial contribution year:

Earnings Rate: \_\_\_\_\_ % Compounding Method:

Early Withdrawal Penalty Calculation Method:

End of Year	Projected Value	Age	Projected Value
1	\$	60	\$ 
2	\$	65	\$
3	\$	70	\$
4	\$		
5	\$		

□ Projection Method Three—See Separate Financial Disclosure and Assumptions Provided by Your IRA's Custodian.

# FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE - PROJECTION METHOD ONE

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16         46         0.04         0.04         1.044 </td <td></td> <td>1,05</td>																									1,05	
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22       40.830       40.250       1.283       40.80       1.044       1.045       1.045       1.044       1.045       1.046       1.045																									1,05 1,05	
13       37.98       45.04       10.08       1.044       1.068       1.044       1.068       1.044       1.068       1.044       1.068       1.044       1.068       1.044       1.068       1.044       1.068       1.044       1.048       1.038       1.044       1.048       1.038       1.044       1.048       1.038       1.044       1.048       1.038       1.044       1.048       1.038       1.044       1.048       1.038       1.044       1.048       1.038       1.044       1.048       1.038       1.044       1.044       1.038       1.044       1.048       1.038       1.044       1.048       1.038       1.044       1.048       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.038       1.041       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.038       1.038       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.044       1.038       1.																									1,05 1,05	
23 37.71 142.91 46.91.68 37.702 42.9044 81.33 97.692 42.9844 81.31 97.693 12.927.93 42.872 48.071 23 1.037 1.042 1.047 1	21 39,789	45,004 50,244	50,244	39,780	44,993	50,232	39,770	44,981	50,219	39,750	44,959	50,194	21	1,039	1,044	1,050	1,039	1,044	1,049	1,039	1,044	1,049	1,038	1,043	1,04	
25       35.637       40.830       40.937       40.931       40.931       10.941       10.931       10.941       10.941       10.941       10.941       10.941	23 37,711	42,915 48,145	548,145	37,702	42,904	48,133	37,692	42,894	48,121	37,673	42,872	48,097	23		1,042	1,048			-	-		-			1,04 1,04	
28       34.601       39.729       45.001       39.720       44.981       34.684       39.704       4981       38.67       39.704       1.031			-												7.							-			1,04 1,04	
28       28.33       37.711       12.31       29.31       50.33       67.91       6.92       1.603       6.664       1.603       1.003       1.	26 34,601	39,789 45,004	45,004	34,592	39,780	44,993	34,584	39,770	44,981	34,567	39,750	44,959	26	1,034	1,039	1,044	1,034	1,039	1,044	1,034	1,039	1,044	1,033	1,038	1,04	
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35       25.27       32.7       0.469       35.67       75.27       32.7       0.461       35.628       25.7       0.264       0.29													33												1,03 1,03	
36       24.302       29.439       4.801       24.249       29.429       4.2478       29.478       34.667       36       10.24       1.029       1.034       1.021       1.038       1.021       1.021       1.034       1.021       1.034       1.021       1.031       1.031 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>1,03</td></t<>													-									-			1,03	
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11       19.19       12.302       29.439       19.186       12.222       10.18       1.023       1.028       1.028       1.021       1.022       1.022       1.021       1.022       1.022       1.021       1.022       1.022       1.021       1.022       1.021       1.022       1.021 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1,03</td></t<>																									1,03	
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45       15,120       20,211       25,321       15,113       20,201       25,321       15,113       20,201       25,321       15,113       20,201       12,5327       15,101       10,101       10,221       1,011       10,101       10,221       1,011       10,101       10,221       1,011       1,011       1,012       1,011       1,011       1,012       1,011       1,011       1,012       1,011       1,011       1,012       1,011       1,0	13 17,153	22,254 27,381	27,381	17,149	22,249	27,374	17,145	22,243	27,367	17,136	22,232	27,353	43	1,017	1,022	1,027	1,016	1,021	1,027	1,016	1,021	1,026	1,016	1,021	1,02	
47       13.091       18, 172       23.278       13.088       18, 167       23.272       13.084       18, 162       23.266       13.078       18, 153       23.254       47       1, 013       1, 012       1, 017       1, 022       1, 017       1, 012       1, 017       1, 012       1, 017       1, 022       1, 017       1, 022       1, 017       1, 022       1, 017       1, 017       1, 022       1, 017																									1,02	
48       12.078       17.153       22.254       12.075       17.149       22.249       12.022       17.165       22.232       1.066       16.132       1.011       1.016       1.021       1.011       1.016       1.021       1.011       1.016       1.021       1.011       1.016       1.021       1.011       1.016       1.021       1.011       1.016       1.021       1.011       1.016       1.021       1.011       1.016       1.021       1.011       1.016       1.021       1.011       1.016       1.021       1.011       1.016       1.021       1.011       1.016       1.021       1.011       1.016       1.021       1.011       1.016       1.021       1.011       1.016       1.021       1.011       1.016       1.021       1.011       1.016       1.021       1.011       1.016       1.002       1.011       1.016       1.002       1.011       1.016       1.002       1.011       1.016       1.002       1.011       1.016       1.002       1.011       1.016       1.002       1.011       1.016       1.002       1.011       1.016       1.002       1.011       1.016       1.001       1.001       1.011       1.016       1.001       1.011       1.011													-											1	1,02 1,02	
50       10,055       15,120       20,211       10,052       15,118       20,201       10,045       15,105       20,191       50       1,010       1,015       1,200       1,004       1,019       1,009       1,014       1,019       1,008       1,011       1,016       1,005       1,011       1,016       1,005       1,011       1,015       1,002       1,011       1,010       1,001       1,001       1,001       1,001       1,001	12,078	17,153 22,254	3 22,254	12,075	17,149	22,249	12,072	17,145	22,243	12,066	17,136	22,232	48	1,012	1,017	1,022	1,011	1,016	1,021	1,011	1,016	1,021	1,011	1,016	1,02	
51       9,045       14,105       19,191       9,042       14,101       19,038       19,1191       9,036       14,091       19,172       8,036       13,091       10,013       1,013       1,013       1,013       1,013       1,013       1,013       1,013       1,013       1,013       1,013       1,011       1,007       1,012       1,017       1,007       1,012       1,017       1,007       1,012       1,017       1,007       1,012       1,017       1,007       1,012       1,017       1,007       1,012       1,017       1,007       1,012       1,017       1,007       1,012       1,017       1,007       1,012       1,017       1,007       1,012       1,017       1,007       1,012       1,017       1,007       1,012       1,017       1,007       1,012       1,017       1,007       1,012       1,007       1,012       1,007       1,012       1,007       1,012       1,007       1,012       1,007       1,012       1,007       1,012       1,007       1,012       1,007       1,012       1,007       1,012       1,002       1,007       1,011       1,001       1,003       1,003       1,003       1,003       1,003       1,003       1,003       1,003																						-			1,02	
53       7.028       12,078       17,153       7.024       12,075       17,149       7.024       12,072       17,148       7.021       12,066       17,136       53       1.007       1,012       1,011       1,016       1,006       1,011       1,016       1,006       1,011       1,016       1,006       1,011       1,016       1,006       1,011       1,016       1,006       1,011       1,016       1,006       1,011       1,016       1,006       1,011       1,016       1,006       1,011       1,016       1,006       1,011       1,016       1,006       1,011       1,016       1,006       1,011       1,016       1,006       1,011       1,016       1,006       1,011       1,016       1,006       1,011       1,006       1,011       1,004       1,008       1,004       1,008       1,001       1,008       1,004       1,008       1,004       1,008       1,004       1,008       1,004       1,008       1,004       1,001       <	51 9,045 <sup>·</sup>	14,105 19,191	519,191	9,042	14,101	19,186	9,040	14,098	19,181	9,036	14,091	19,172														
55       5,015       10,055       15,120       5,013       10,052       15,110       5,012       10,045       15,113       5,010       10,045       15,105       55       1,001       <	53 7,028 <sup>·</sup>	12,078 17,153	317,153	7,026	12,075	17,149	7,024	12,072	17,145	7,021	12,066	17,136	53	1,007	1,012	1,017	1,006	1,011	1,016	1,006	1,011	1,016	1,006	1,011	1,01	
56       4,010       9,045       14,105       4,009       9,042       14,101       4,008       9,040       14,098       4,006       9,036       14,091       56       1,004       1,009       1,014       1,003       1,008       1,013       1,003       1,008       1,013       1,003       1,008       1,013       1,003       1,008       1,013       1,003       1,008       1,013       1,003       1,008       1,013       1,003       1,008       1,013       1,003       1,008       1,013       1,003       1,008       1,013       1,003       1,008       1,013       1,003       1,008       1,013       1,003       1,008       1,013       1,003       1,008       1,011       1,000       1,001       1,001       1,000       1,001       1																										
58       2,003       7,028       12,078       2,002       7,024       12,072       2,001       7,021       12,066       58       1,002       1,001       1,006       1,011       1,006       1,011       1,006       1,011       1,006       1,011       1,006       1,011       1,006       1,011       1,006       1,011       1,006       1,011       1,006       1,001       1,006       1,011       1,000       1,005       1,011       1,000       1,005       1,011       1,000       1,005       1,011       1,000       1,005       1,011       1,000       1,005       1,011       1,000       1,005       1,011       1,000       1,005       1,011       1,000       1,005       1,011       1,000       1,005       1,001       1,006       1,011       1,000       1,005       1,001       1,005       1,011       1,000       1,005       1,001       1,005       1,011       1,000       1,005       1,001       1,005       1,011       1,000       1,005       1,001       1,005       1,011       1,000       1,005       1,001       1,006       1,005       1,001       1,006       1,001       1,006       1,001       1,006       1,011       1,001       1,000       1,	56 4,010	9,045 14,105	5 14,105	4,009	9,042	14,101	4,008	9,040	14,098	4,006	9,036	14,091														
60       N/A       5,015       10,055       N/A       5,012       10,050       N/A       5,010       10,045       60       N/A       1,005       1,010       N/A       1,004       1,009       N/A       1,009       1,000       1,008       N/A       1,001       1,001       N/A       1,001       1,001       1,001       1,001       1,001       1,001       1,001       1,001       1,001       1,001       1,001       1,001       1,001       1,001       1,001       1,001       1,001	58 2,003	7,028 12,078	8 12,078	2,002	7,026	12,075	2,002	7,024	12,072	2,001	7,021	12,066	58	1,002	1,007	1,012	1,001	1,006	1,011	1,001	1,006	1,011	1,001	1,006	1,01	
62       N/A       3,006       8,036       N/A       3,004       8,032       N/A       3,003       8,028       62       N/A       1,003       1,008       N/A       1,002       1,007       N/A       1,001       1,002       1,007       N/A       1,001       1,000       N/A       1,001       N/A																										
63       N/A       2,003       7,028       N/A       2,002       7,024       N/A       2,001       7,021         64       N/A       1,001       6,021       N/A       1,000       6,019       N/A       1,000       6,018       N/A       1,000       6,015       6/A       N/A       1,001       1,006       N/A       1,000       1,005       N/A       1,000       N/A       1,000       N/A       1,000       1,005       N/A       1,000       <																									1,00	
65       N/A       N/A       5,015       N/A       N/A       5,012       N/A       N/A       5,010       65       N/A       N/A       1,005       N/A       N/A       1,004       N/A       N/A       N/A         66       N/A       N/A       4,010       N/A       4,009       N/A       N/A       4,008       N/A       N/A       4,006       66       N/A       N/A       1,004       N/A       1,003       N/A       N/A       N/A       N/A       N/A       N/A       1,004       N/A	63 N/A	2,003 7,028	3 7,028	N/A	2,002	7,026	N/A	2,002	7,024	N/A	2,001	7,021	63	N/A	1,002	1,007	N/A	1,001	1,006	N/A	1,001	1,006	N/A	1,001	1,00	
67       N/A       N/A       3,005       N/A       N/A       3,004       N/A       N/A       3,003       67       N/A       N/A       1,002       N/A       N/A       1,002       N/A       N/A       1,002       N/A       N/A       1,002       N/A       N/A       N/A       N/A       1,002       N/A       N/A       1,002       N/A       N/A       N/A       1,002       N/A       N/A       N/A       1,001       N/A       N/A       1,001       N/A       N/A       1,001       N/A       N/A       1,000       N/A       N/A       N/A       1,000																									1,00	
68       N/A       N/A       2,002       N/A       N/A       2,002       N/A       N/A       2,001       68       N/A       N/A       1,001       N/A       N/A<																									1,00 1,00	
Iow to determine the After Fees Values. If we disclosed a distribution ransaction or termination fee in IRA FEES AND EARLY WITHDRAWAL       End of Year       AFTER FEES VALUES (if applicable)	68 N/A	N/A 2,003	2,003	N/A	N/A	2,002	N/A	N/A	2,002	N/A	N/A	2,001	68	N/A	N/A	1,002	N/A	N/A	1,001	N/A	N/A	1,001	N/A	N/A	1,00	
ransaction or termination fee in IRA FEES AND EARLY WITHDRAWAL Year Age															IN/A								IN/A	IN/A	1,00	
	ansaction	or terminat	rminati	ion fee	e in IR	A FEE	ES AN	D EA	RLY V	WITHI	DRAW	/AL		r						Age						
PENALTIES, we have completed the After Fees Values section to reflect your       1 \$       60 \$         RA's projected values for the first five years and for ages 60, 65 and 70, if       2 \$       65 \$	ENALTI	ES, we have	have	comp	leted t	he Afte	er Fees	s Valu	les sect	tion to $65$	reflec	t your		\$_					_	60 65	\$					
pplicable. You may calculate the projected value for additional years. Follow 3 s 70 s	plicable.	You may c	may ca	alculat	te the p	project	ed valu	ue for	additio	onal ye	ears. F	Follow	3	»					_	65 70	э \$					
the steps under <i>How to use the tables</i> . Reduce the values by the amount of any 4 s	e steps u	nder How to	How to	o use th	he tabl	es. Re	duce tl	he val	ues by	the ar	nount	of any	4	\$_							·					
listribution transaction or termination fees and fill in the amounts.	surroution	i ii ansactior	sacuoil	orter	mmati	on iee	5 anu 1		uie ain	ounts.			5	\$												
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IRABKLTCLAZ 11/1/2022 (2211).00 Page 11 of 11